





City of Rochester, NY Lovely A. Warren, Mayor Rochester City Council





1936-1937 North Terrace

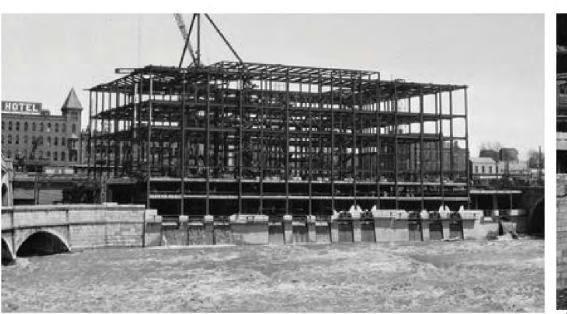
Newspaper articles note that the bids for the terrace construction were excessive and the project was rebid and constructed between 1936-37.





1936 Rundel Library

Designed and built during the Great Depression, the Rundel Memorial Building is constructed over the Johnson Seymour Mill Race, the old Erie Canal, and Rochester Subway bed. The mill race, which was incorporated into the design of the building, still flows under the building and a portion spills through a series of archways built into the West facade of the building.





1927-1956 Rochester Subway

Built in the bed of the Erie Canal Aqueduct, construction begin in 1921, and in 1927 the Subway was completed, carrying the first passengers under the City.





1925 Broad Street Bridge

Built on the foundation of the Erie Canal Aqueduct, the Broad Street Bridge provided an important link between the east and west during the rise of the automobile





1842-1919

Erie Canal Aqueduct Replacing the original aqueduct (circa

1823), a second, wider aqueduct was constructed across the Genesee River to accommodate the increase in Canal traffic. Built entirely of Onondaga Limestone, the second aqueduct provides the foundation for the current Broad Street Bridge.



Johnson - Seymour Mill Race

The race was cut along the East bank of the Genesee River by Elisha Johnson and Orson Seymour to operate mills on the site of the Rundel Library.





Genesee River

Genesee River

Flowing through the heart of the City, the River provided the power necessary for its growth.



Canal Aqueduct (176 years)

Broad Street Bridge

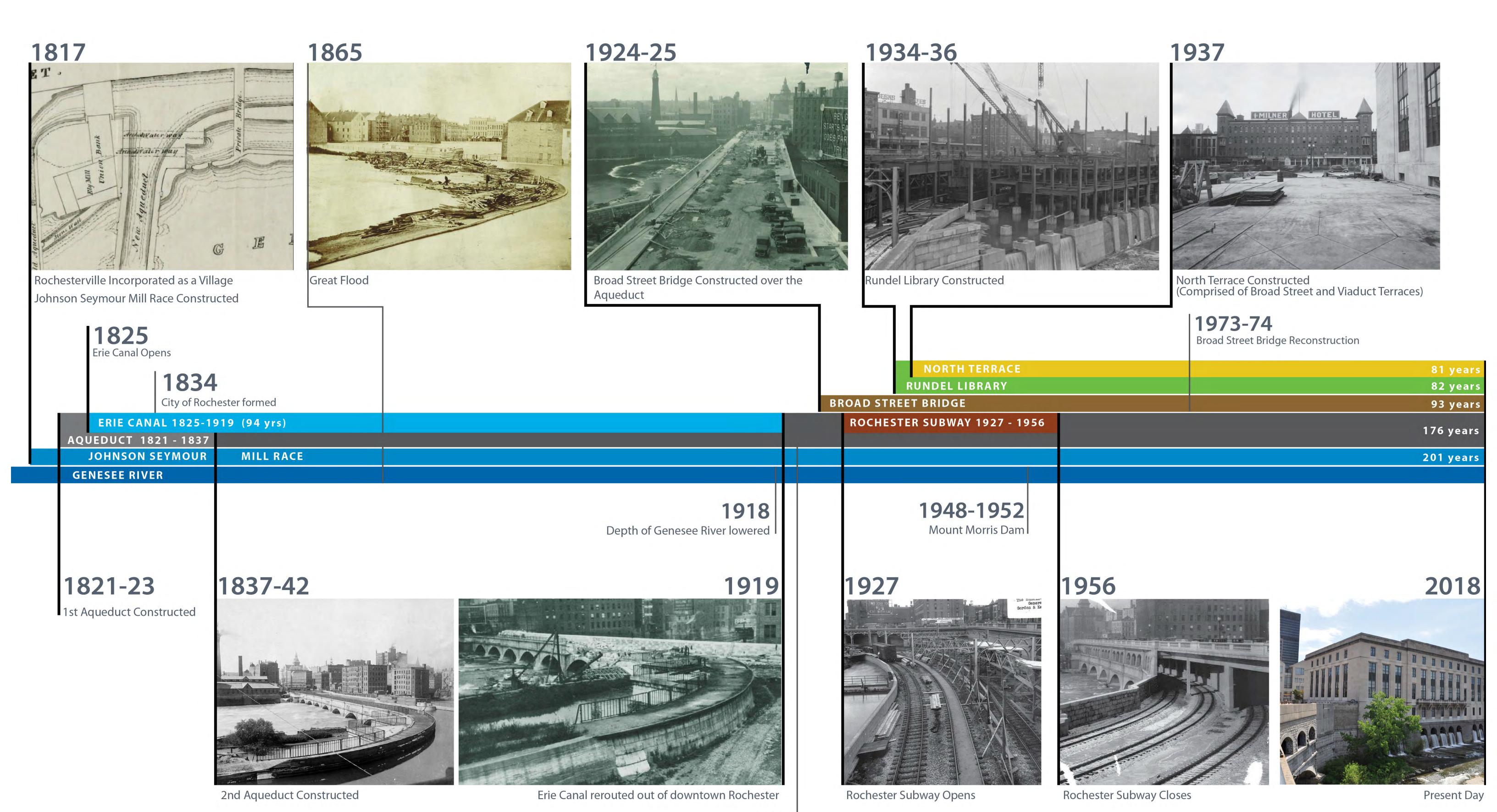


Rundel Memorial

Building

(82 years)

Johnson - Seymour Mill Race (201 years)





The City of Rochester purchases the rights to the Erie Canal from the State of New York





LaBella